Hall Ticke	ANAPALLE	INSTITU	JTE OI	F TECHI	NOLO	GY & S		urse Code				
MBA	l Year I Semest		Supple		End Se	mester	Examination NAGER		IARCH 2	022		
Time: 3H	Irs								Max Mai	rks: 60		
	attempt all the q		•	,					,			
Q.1(A)	Find inverse of $A = \begin{bmatrix} 1 & 3 \\ 1 & 4 \\ 1 & 3 \end{bmatrix}$		(10 M		
	L) - 			OR							
Q.1(B)	Find maxima			e functior	$y = x^2$	nonnacione e militario	ALPHINING SERVICE	by 100 e	mployees	10 M		
	of a company	of a company. Calculate mean and median of the distribution										
	Overtime ho	urs	10-1	15 15	-20	20-25	25-30	30-35	35-40			
	Number of e				20	35	20	8	6			
					OR							
Q.2(B)	Calculate Bowley's co-efficient of Skweness for the following data.									10 M		
	Profit (Rs.Crores)	10-20	20-30	30-40	40-50	50-60	60-70	70-80				
	Number of companies	10	14	18	24	16	12	6				

X	100	120	180	160	150	120	180	170
Υ	300	350	450	440	350	480	470	350

OR

Q.3(B)

10 M

Regression equations are 8X-10Y+66=0, 40X-18Y=214; $\sigma_X^2=9$ what were the mean values of 'X' and 'Y'; the coefficient of correlation between X & Y, the value of σ_Y .

Q.4(A) A business man goes to hotels X, Y, Z, 20%, 50%, 30% of the time respectively. It is known that 5%, 4%,8% of the rooms in X, Y, Z hotels have faulty plumbing. What is the probability that business man's room having faulty plumbing is assigned to

(i) Hotel x (ii) Hotel Y (ii) Hotel Z

OR

Q.4(B) A random variable X has the following probability function:

Tranao	III VUITUD	TVariable X has the following probability failetion.							
Χ	0	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	
P(X)	0	K	2K	2K	3K	K	5K	K	

Determine: i) K ii) Evaluate P(X<6), P(0<X<5) and $P(0\leq X\leq 4)$

Q.5(A) Out of 800 families with 5 children each, how many would you expect to have

10 M

10 M

(i) 4 boys (ii) 3 girls (iii) either 2 or 3 boys (iv) 5 girls?

Assume equal probabilities for boys and girls.

OR

Q.5(B) The weekly wages of 1000 workers are normally distributed around a mean of Rs.750 10 M an S.D of Rs. 50. Estimate the number of workers whose weekly wages will be

- (i) between Rs 750 and Rs 780
- (ii) between Rs. 700 and Rs. 750
- (iii) below 780

Q.6

Case Study

10 M

A market survey was conducted in four cities to find out the preference for brand soap. The responses are shown below:

	Calcutta	Delhi	Chennai	Bangalore
Yes	65	55	70	50
No	30	25	20	45
No opinion	5	20	10	5

- (i) What is the probability that a consumer prefers brand A soap?
- (ii) What is the probability that a consumer has no opinion about brand A soap?
- (iii) What is the probability that a consumer prefers brand A soap and from Chennai?
- (iv) What is the probability that a consumer prefers brand A soap given that he was from Bangalore?
- (v) What is the probability that a consumer has no opinion given that he was from Delhi?

END